

MCS 121 – Calculus I
Indeterminate Forms and L'Hospital's Rule

Evaluate the following limits:

1. $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(t^2)}{t^2}$

2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{1 + \sin x}$

3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3^{\sin x} - 1}{x}$

4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{x}}$

5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - 1 + \frac{1}{2}x^2}{x^4}$

6. Write a ratio of two functions such that in order to calculate the limit one must apply L'Hôpital's rule three times. Now make it six times.

Answers: $1, 0, \ln 3, 0, 1/24, \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\sin x - x)/x^3, \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^6/e^x$

$$1. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 + 3x - 4}{x - 1}$$

$$2. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{\sin x}$$

$$3. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(\ln x)^3}{x^2}$$

$$4. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^3 e^{-x^2}$$

$$5. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{x^4} - \frac{1}{x^2} \right)$$

$$6. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x}$$

$$7. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x}$$

$$8. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(x - \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \right)$$

$$9. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{1}{\ln x} - \frac{1}{x - 1} \right)$$

Answers: 5, 1, 0, 0, ∞ , does not exist, 1, 0, 1/2

Sometimes you can handle indeterminate forms like “ 0^0 ”, “ ∞^0 ”, “ 0^∞ ”, and “ 1^∞ ” by taking the log, finding the limit, and then exponentiating to get the answer. The following limits are mostly of this type.

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^x$

2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^{1/\ln x}$

3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (1+x)^{1/x}$

4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x$

5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^n}{e^{kx}}$ where $k > 0$

6. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^n}{\ln x}$ if $n > 0$

7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/2} (\tan x)^{x-\pi/2}$

Answers: $1, e, e, e, 0, \infty, 1$