

**FRACTAL DIMENSION OF GENERALIZED  
MULTINOMIAL COEFFICIENTS MODULO A PRIME:  
PRELIMINARY REPORT**

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ABSTRACT. Given a sequence  $(u_n)$  of positive integers generated by  $u_1 = 1, u_2 = a, u_n = au_{n-1} + bu_{n-2} (n \geq 3)$ , define the generalized factorial by  $[n]! = u_1 u_2 \cdots u_n$  and the generalized  $d$ -nomial coefficient by  $C(n_1, \dots, n_d) = [n_1 + \cdots + n_d]! / ([n_1]! \cdots [n_d]!)$ . Assume that the prime  $p$  does not divide  $b$ . Let  $r = \min\{n : p|u_n\}$ .

**Theorem 1 (Asymptotic abundance of residues):**

$\#\{(n_1, \dots, n_d) | 0 \leq n_1, \dots, n_d < rp^k \text{ and } C(n_1, \dots, n_d) \equiv \rho \pmod{p}\} \sim \frac{1}{p-1} \binom{r+d-1}{d} \binom{p+d-1}{d}^k$  as  $k \rightarrow \infty$  for  $\rho = 1, \dots, p-1$ .

**Theorem 2 (Fractal dimension):** Let  $s_k = rp^k$ .

The Hausdorff dimension of  $\bigcap_k \cup \{[n_1/s_k, (n_1+1)/s_k) \times \cdots \times [n_d/s_k, (n_d+1)/s_k) | 0 \leq n_1, \dots, n_d < s_k, p \nmid C(n_1, \dots, n_d)\}$  is  $\log \binom{p+d-1}{d} / \log p$ .

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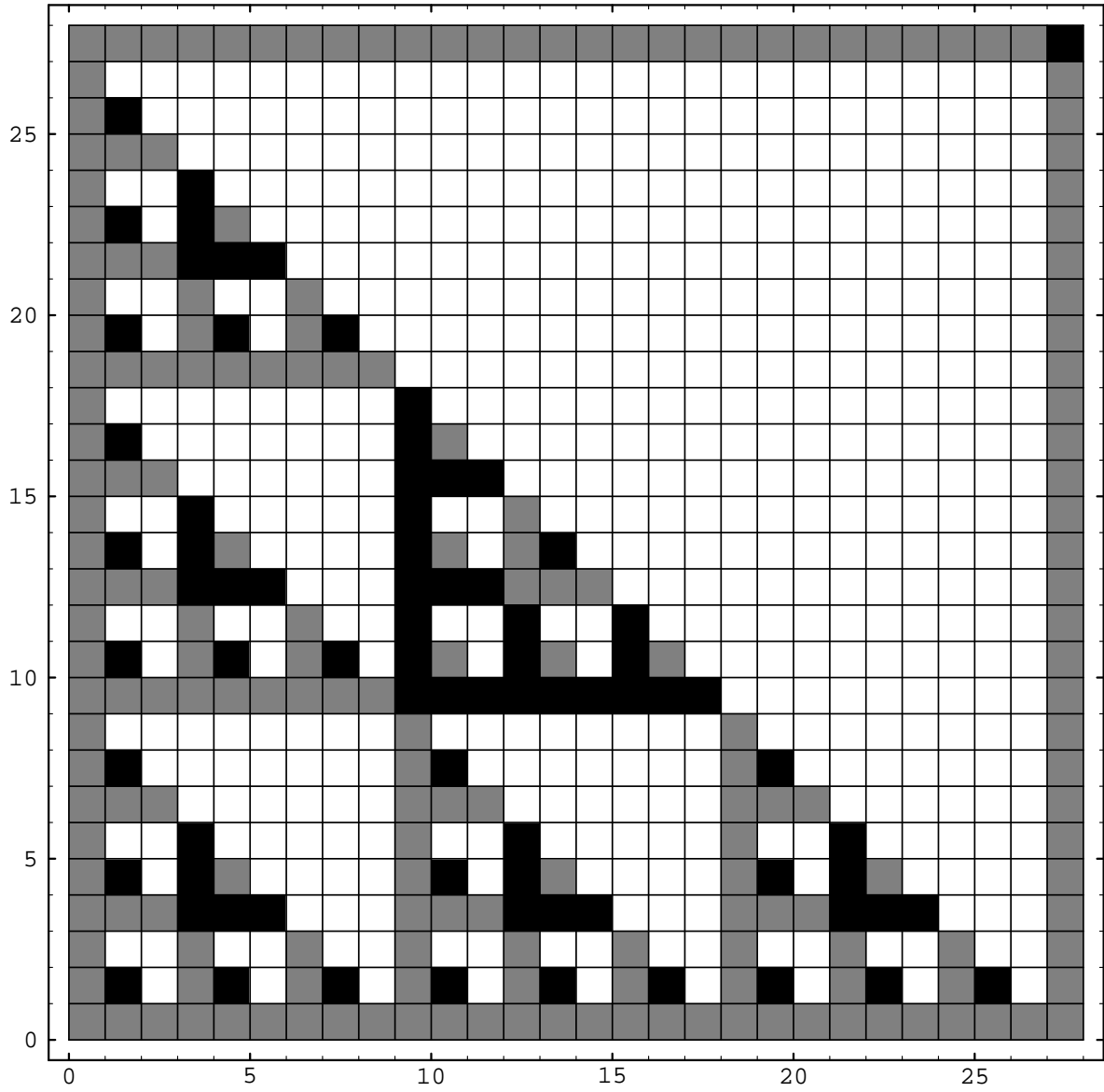


FIGURE 1. Binomial coefficients mod 3

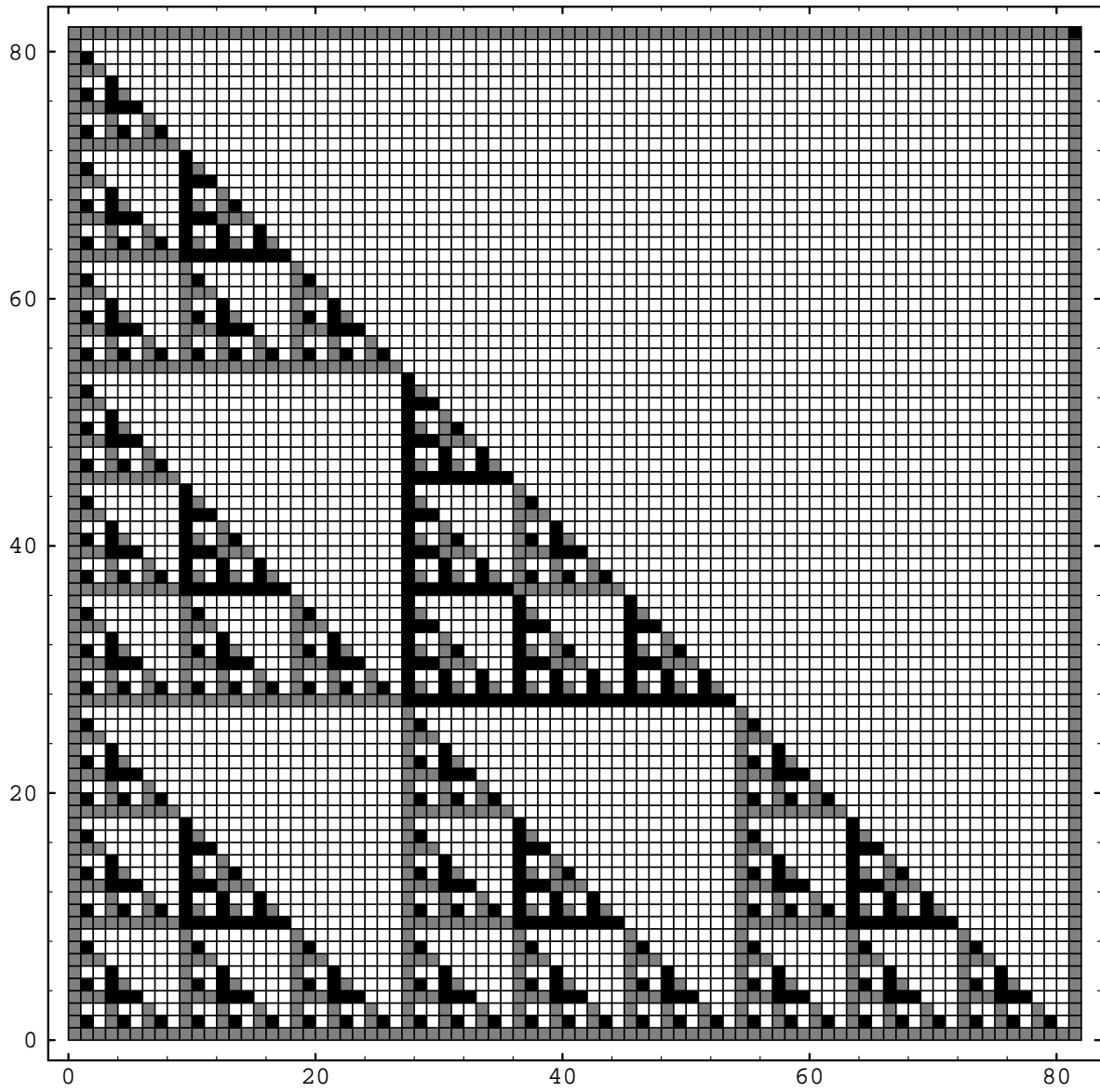


FIGURE 2. Binomial coefficients mod 3

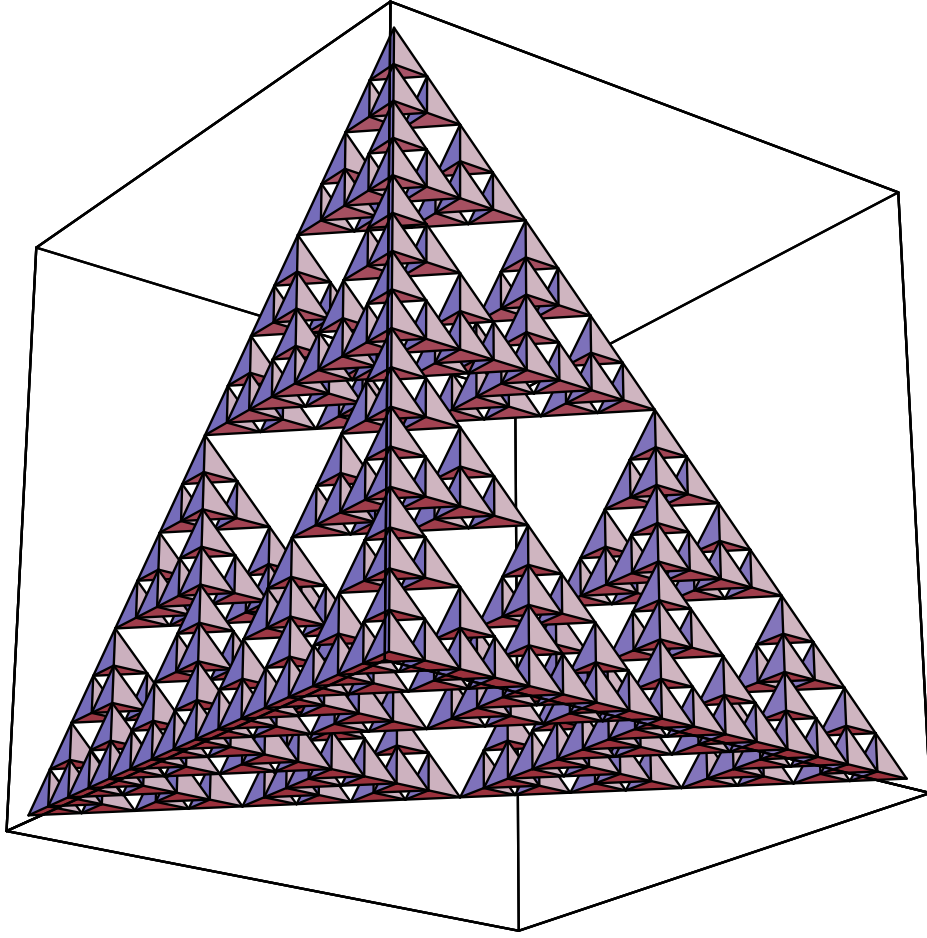


FIGURE 3. Multinomial coefficients mod 2

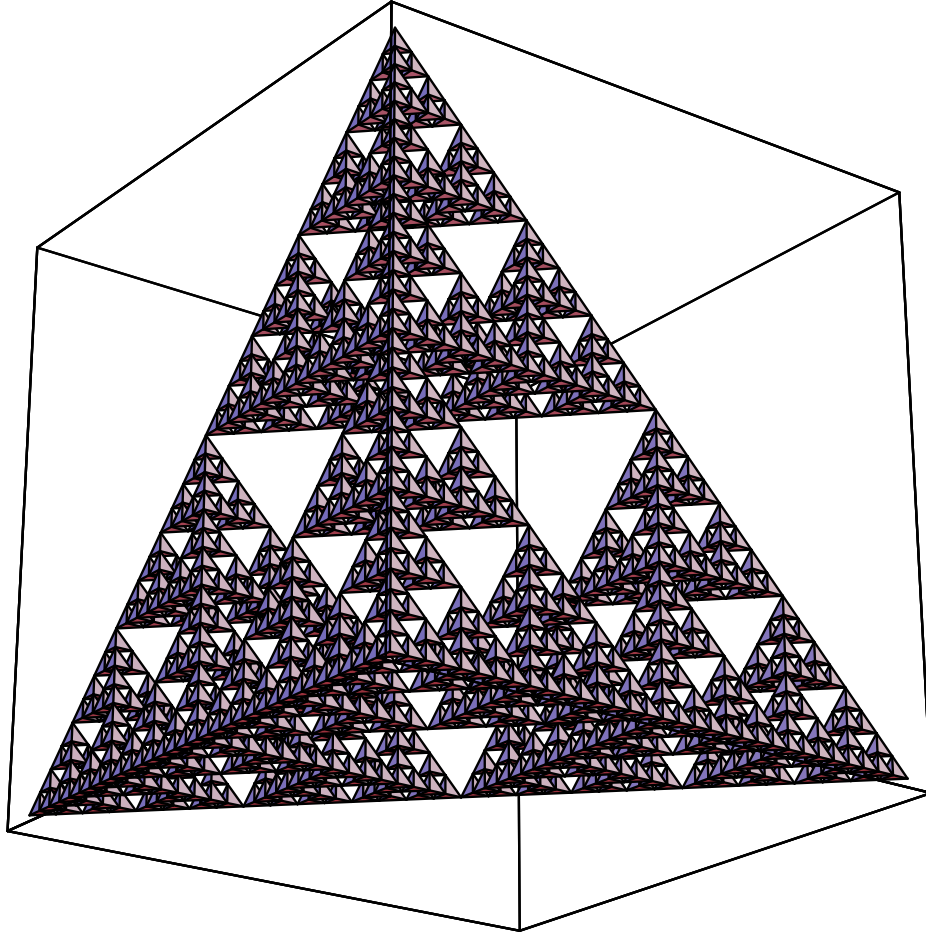


FIGURE 4. Multinomial coefficients mod 2

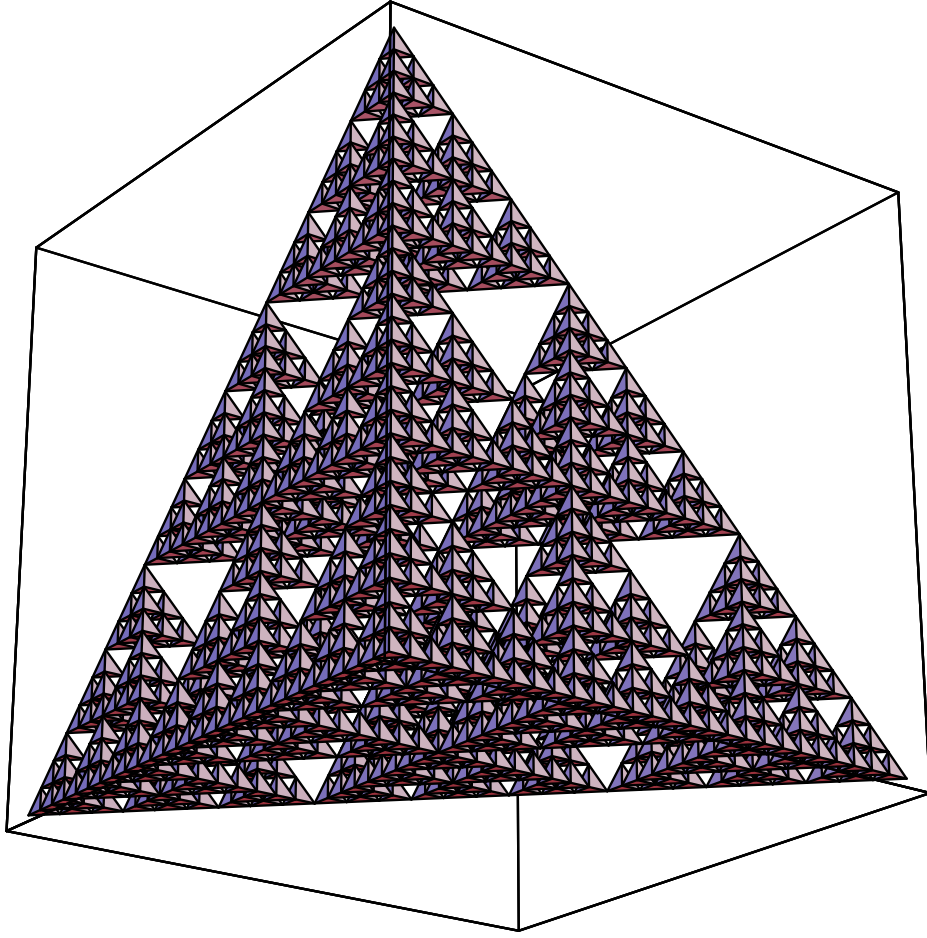


FIGURE 5. Multinomial coefficients mod 3

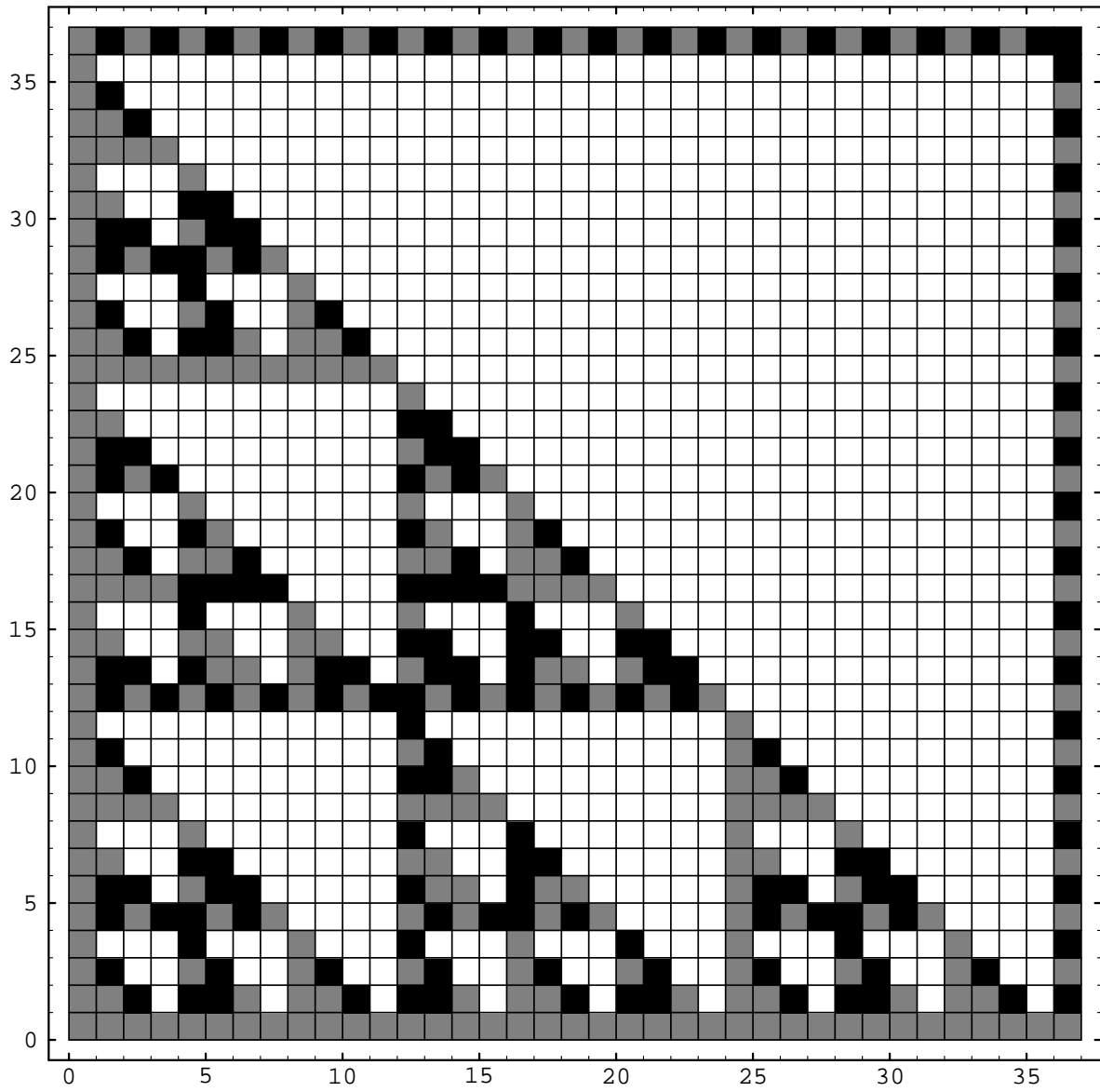


FIGURE 6. Fibonomial coefficients mod 3

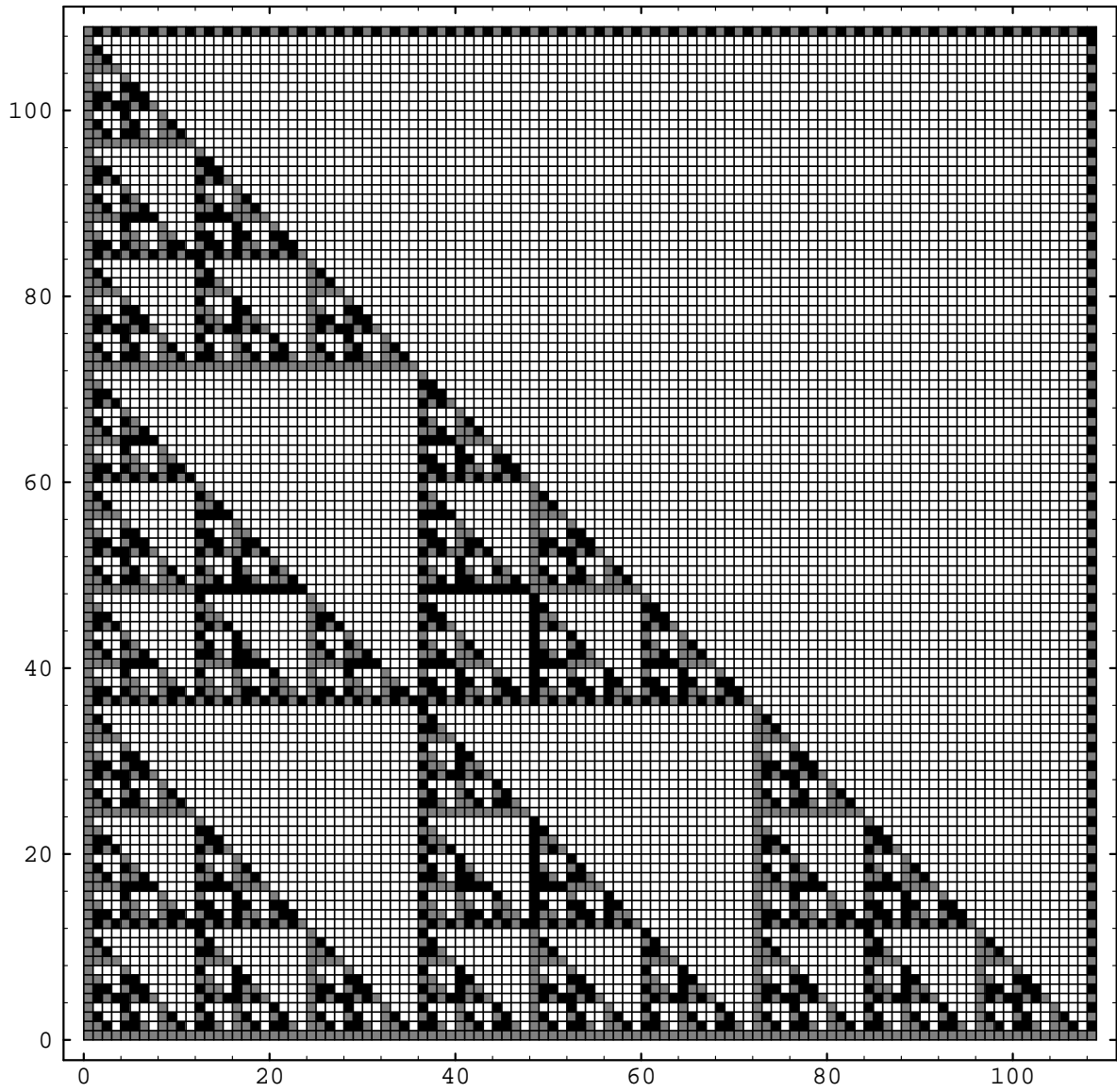


FIGURE 7. Fibonomial coefficients mod 3

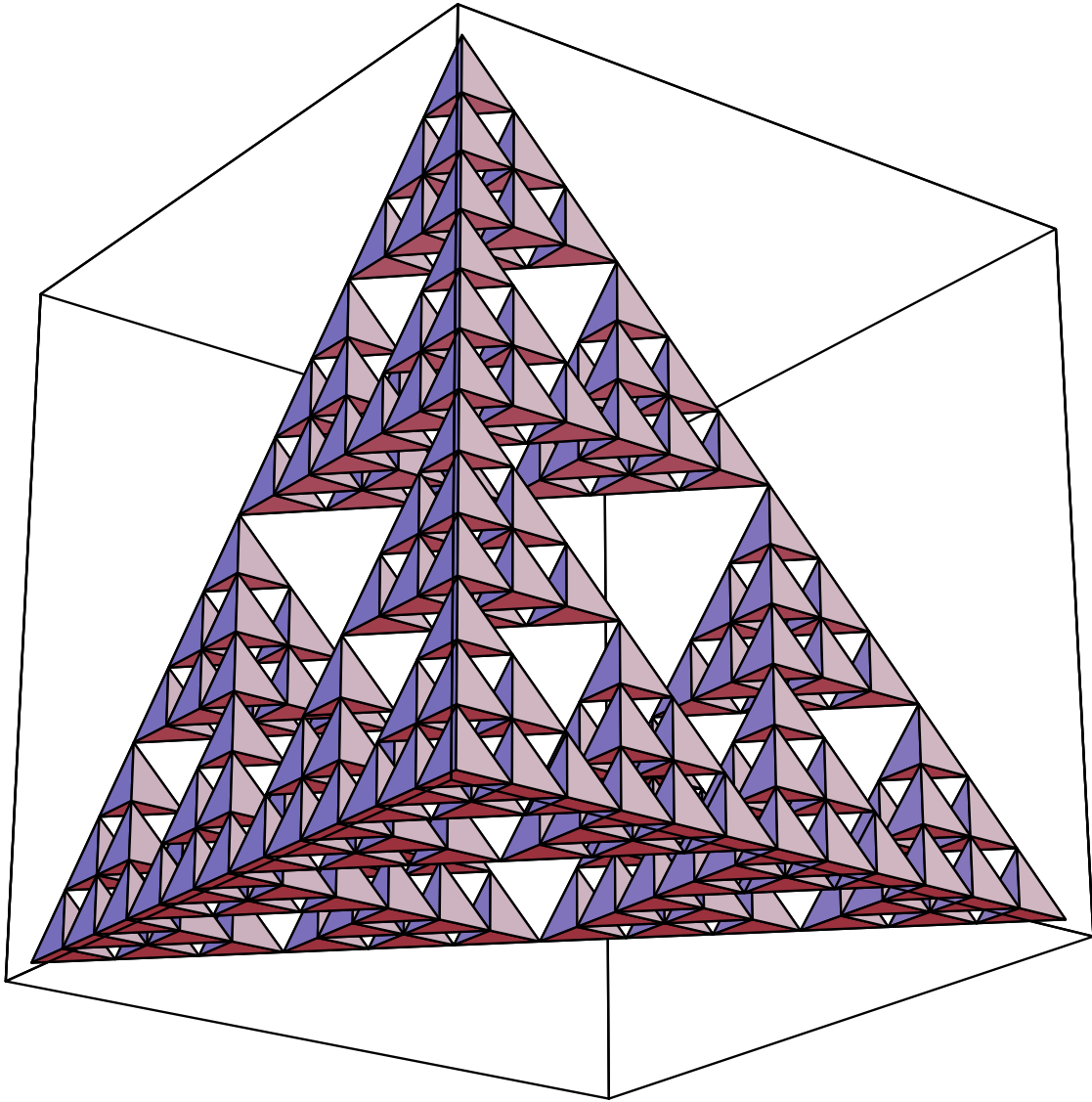


FIGURE 8. 3-Fibonomial coefficients mod 2

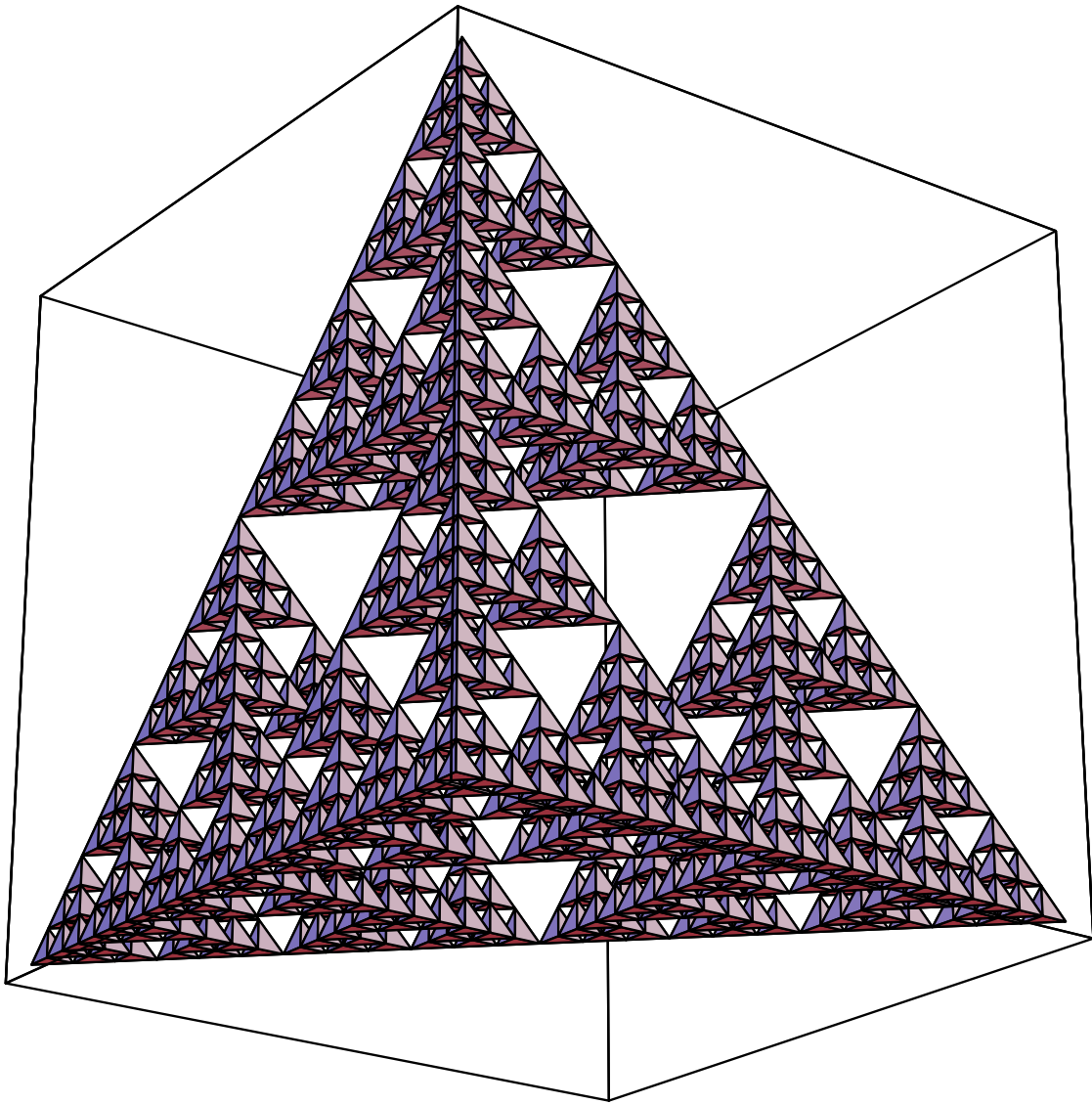


FIGURE 9. 3-Fibonomial coefficients mod 2

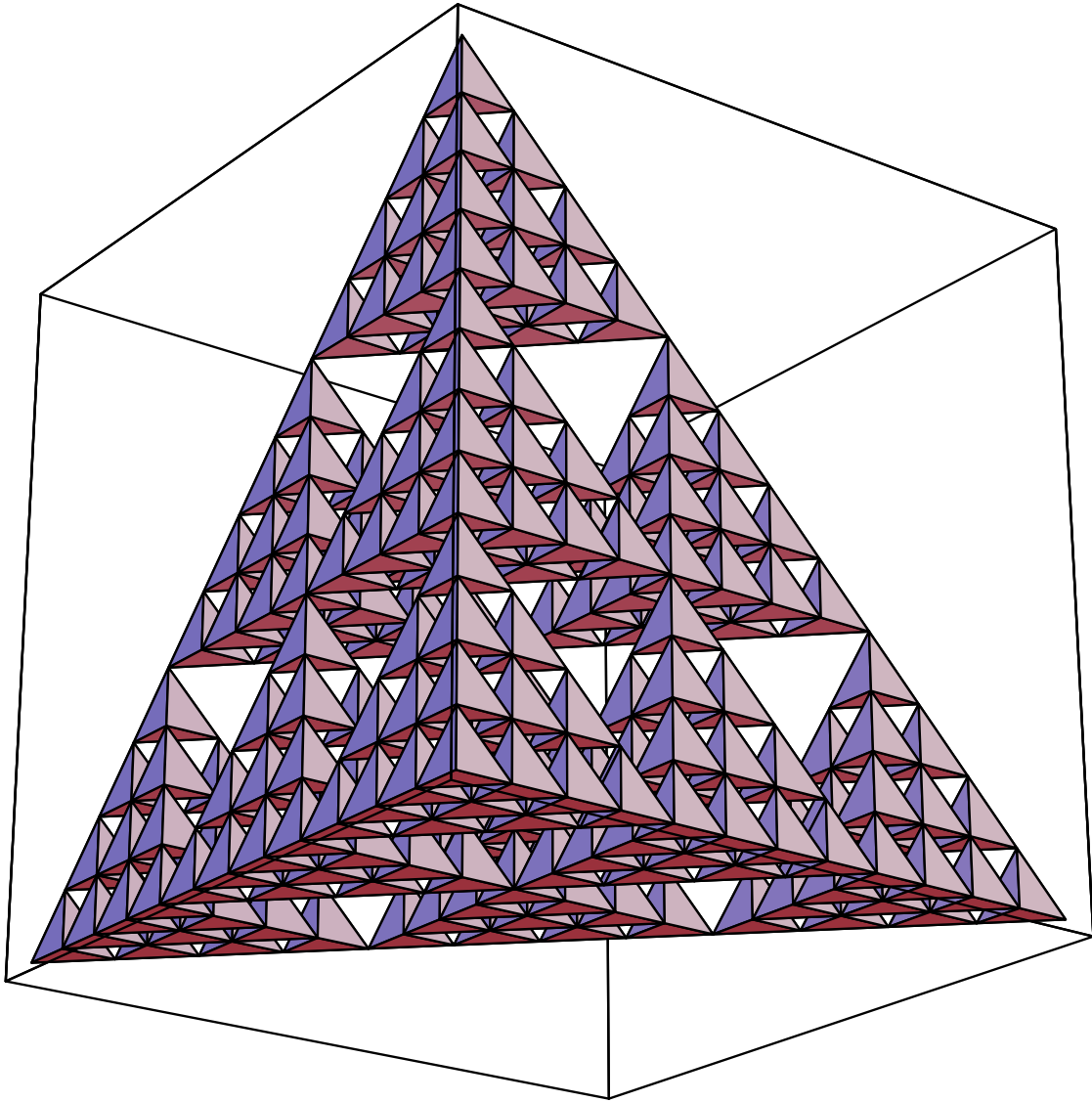


FIGURE 10. 3-Fibonomial coefficients mod 3